

This emergency spot removal guide can help you minimise the damage caused by spills on carpet or fabric lounges.

PLEASE NOTE:

Some upholstery or carpets may have special cleaning requirements. You should first refer to the manufacturer's care instructions to ensure that the above suggested treatments do not contradict those of the manufacturer.



Obviously, not everything, or situation can be covered in a small hints list such as this, so in many instances you will have to use the above treatments as a guide only, along with some common sense.

Therefore, no responsibility can be accepted for claims arising from, or results of, the use of any suggested treatments. We always recommend that you use professional help.

There are just two rules of thumb to remember.

“Blot dilute blot”. Firstly, scoop up or blot up as much of the spill as possible using paper towel, then dilute the remaining spill with the treatments as required as listed below. Blot again after each application. Repeat if necessary before moving on to the next treatment if required.

“Clean like with like”. If the spill is oily and won't mix with water, use Dry cleaning fluid. If the spill is fatty, like ice cream or gravy, use the detergent solution. If the spill is watery, use the soda water.

After any water-based treatment, (points 2 & 3 below) apply the white vinegar mix by spraying or dabbing over the top.

First you will need to buy some things from the supermarket.

1. For oily spills (mineral oils, greasy marks) – Dry cleaning fluid or white spirit.
2. For fatty spills (ice cream, gravy, etc.) – Use a WoolSafe Approved spotter such as “Carpet Power” (available in your supermarket.)
3. For watery spills (beer, wine, soft drink, etc.) – A bottle of ordinary soda water.
4. White vinegar (mix 1:10 in warm water). Use this mixture as a final treatment to neutralise any residue.
5. White tissues or paper towel or white cotton cloth.

Pretest all treatments prior to use.

Always pre-test each of these solutions on an inconspicuous area. Make sure that the test area contains each colour used in any pattern. After it dries, look for any change in the appearance or texture. If the test has made a change, it may be better to call for professional help. If you do not find any changes, proceed with caution, because soiling or the spill itself, or other factors can still adversely affect the fibers or dyes.

After the last treatment, cover the area with a thick wad of tissues and allow to dry.

If you are in doubt, call Colin Foster at Brightspark on 0418 937 130 for professional help.

PLEASE NOTE

Some upholstery or carpets may have special cleaning requirements. You should first refer to the manufacturer's care instructions to ensure that the above suggested treatments do not contradict those of the manufacturer.

Obviously, not everything, or situation can be covered in a small hints list such as this, so in many instances you will have to use the above treatments as a guide only, along with some common sense.

Therefore, no responsibility can be accepted for claims arising from, or results of, the use of any suggested treatments. We always recommend that you use professional help.

This Guide courtesy of [Abbsolve Services](#)

© Abbsolve Services all rights reserved